

**LAHORE UNIVERSITY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES**  
 Department of Electrical Engineering

**EE240 Circuits I**  
 Quiz 05 - Section 1 (Solutions)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

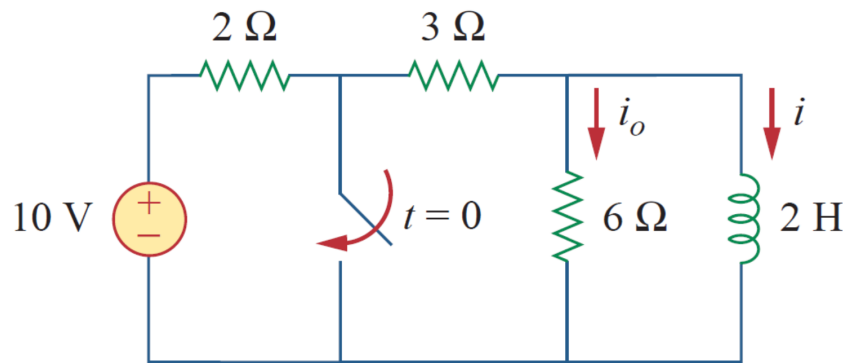
Campus ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks: 10

Time Duration: 20 minutes

**Question 1** (10 marks)

In the following circuit, the switch is closed at  $t = 0$ . Determine the currents  $i(t)$  and  $i_o(t)$  for all times. Also plot the currents for  $-\tau \leq t \leq 6\tau$  (where  $\tau$  denotes the time constant of the circuit).



**Solution:**

**At  $t = 0^-$ :**

- Inductor is short-circuit
- $i_o(0^-) = 0 \text{ A}$
- $i(0^-) = \frac{10}{5} = 2 \text{ A}$

**At  $t = 0^+$ :**

- Switch is closed, implies that the source is removed
- $i(0^+) = i(0^-) = 2 \text{ A}$ ; inductor acts as a current source of 2 A
- $i_o(0^+) = -\frac{3}{9} \times 2 = 2/3 \text{ A}$

**At  $t = \infty$ :**

- No source
- $i_o(\infty) = i(\infty) = 0 \text{ A}$

**Time constant  $\tau$ :**

- Resistance across inductor,  $R_{eq} = 6||3 = 2 \Omega$
- $\tau = L/R_{eq} = 1 \text{ s}$

**Solution Formulation:**

$$i(t) = \begin{cases} 2 & t < 0 \\ 2e^{-t} & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$i_o(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ -\frac{2}{3}e^{-t} & t > 0 \end{cases}$$