LAHORE UNIVERSITY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES Department of Electrical Engineering

EE 514 (CS 535) Machine Learning Quiz 6 Solutions

Name:	
Campus	ID:
Total M	arks: 10
Time D	uration: 15 minutes

Question 1 (6 marks)

Consider a perceptron classifier where the bias term is the first element of the weight vector. The initial weight vector (including bias) is given as:

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

where the first element represents the bias. Given the following training samples (augmented with a bias input of 1):

$$(x_1, y_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad y_1 = 1, \qquad (x_2, y_2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad y_2 = -1$$

Apply **one iteration** of the perceptron learning algorithm by updating the weight vector w based on the given samples. Show your calculations.

Solution: The perceptron classification function is:

$$\hat{y} = \operatorname{sign}(w^T x)$$

Step 1: Check the classification of x_1

$$w^{T}x_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= (0 \times 1) + (1 \times 2) + (-1 \times 3) = 2 - 3 = -1$$

 $\hat{y}_1 = \operatorname{sign}(-1) = -1$

Since $\hat{y}_1 \neq y_1$ (misclassification), we update the weight vector:

$$w \leftarrow w + y_1 x_1$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2: Check the classification of x_2

$$w^{T}x_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= (1 \times 1) + (3 \times 1) + (2 \times -2) = 1 + 3 - 4 = 0$$

 $\hat{y}_2 = \operatorname{sign}(0) = 0$

Since $\hat{y}_2 \neq y_2$ (misclassification), we update the weight vector:

$$w \leftarrow w + y_2 x_2$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\2\\4 \end{bmatrix}$$

w

Final Updated Weights after one iteration:

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 2\\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question 2 (4 marks)

In the logistic regression model, suppose you have learned the following parameters from the data:

$$\theta_0 = -3, \quad \theta_1 = 1, \quad \theta_2 = 2$$

Write the equation of the decision boundary in terms of $x^{(1)}$ and $x^{(2)}$ and also draw the boundary in 2-dimensional plane. Classify the data point x = [1, 2].

Solution: The decision boundary is given by $\theta^T x = 0$, that is $-3 + x^{(1)} + 2x^{(2)} = 0$ $x^{(1)} + 2x^{(2)} = 3$ In $x^{(1)} - x^{(2)}$ plane, the boundary will be a line of slope $-\frac{1}{2}$ and $x^{(2)}$ intercept of $\frac{3}{2}$. For the data point x = [1, 2]:

$$\theta^T x = -3 + 1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 2 = -3 + 1 + 4 = 2 > 0$$

Since $\theta^T x > 0$, the data point is classified as Class 1.