LAHORE UNIVERSITY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES Department of Electrical Engineering

EE563/MATH325 Convex Optimization (Spring 2020) Quiz 04

Total Marks: 10 Time Duration: 30 minutes

Question 1 (10 marks)

Consider a following optimization problem

minimize
$$\max_{k=1,2,\dots,p} |\log(a_k^T x) - \log(b_k)|$$

subject to $x \succeq 0$,

where we assume that $b_i > 0$ and $\log(a_i^T x) = -\infty$ when $a_i^T x \le 0$ for i = 0, 1, ..., n. Formulate the problem as SOCP.

Solution: Noting the following

$$|\log(a_k^T x) - \log(b_k)| = \log \max(\frac{a_k^T x}{b_k}, \frac{b_k}{a_k^T x})$$

we can rewrite the above problem as

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & \max_{k=1,2,\dots,p} |\log(a_k^T x) - \log(b_k)| = \max_{k=1,2,\dots,p} \log \max(\frac{a_k^T x}{b_k}, \frac{b_k}{a_k^T x}) \\ \text{minimize} & \max_{k=1,2,\dots,p} \max(\frac{a_k^T x}{b_k}, \frac{b_k}{a_k^T x}), \end{array}$$

since log is monotone increasing; minimizing the log of any function is equivalent to the log of the minimum of the function.

Now using the epigraph reformulation, we can write the optimization problem as

minimize
$$t$$
,
subject to $\frac{a_k^T x}{b_k} \le t$, $k = 1, 2, \dots, p$
 $\frac{a_k^T x}{b_k} \ge \frac{1}{t}$, $k = 1, 2, \dots, p$
 $x \ge 0$.

By reformulating the constraint $\frac{a_k^T x}{b_k} \ge \frac{1}{t}$ as

$$\left\| \begin{bmatrix} 2\\ t - \frac{a_k^T x}{b_k} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \le t + \frac{a_k^T x}{b_k}, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, p,$$

we obtain SOCP in variables x and t.

You may find the following relationships/information useful.

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$$|\log p - \log q| = \log \max(p/q, q/p), \quad p, q \ge 0.$$

• log is monotone increasing and therefore minimizing the log of any function is equivalent to the log of the minimum of the function.

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• Hyperbolic constraint $w^Tw \leq yz$ for $y,z \geq 0$ can be expressed as a second-order constraint given by

$$\left\| \begin{bmatrix} 2w\\ y-z \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2 \le y+z.$$